

Gummy Prenatal Vitamins - Topic of the Month

UPDATED FEBRUARY 2025

During pregnancy, the daily recommended nutrient intake for women increases. Many women may find it difficult to eat enough to meet that growing need. Prenatal vitamins during pregnancy are meant to supplement a healthy dietary intake. If over the counter or prescribed prenatal pills are not well tolerated, some women may choose gummy prenatal vitamins.

Gummy vitamins

Gummy prenatal vitamins can provide many, but not all, of the extra vitamins and minerals needed during pregnancy. While most gummy prenatal vitamins contain the recommended amounts of folic acid and iodine required for pregnancy, there is none that have added iron. Lack of iron during pregnancy can create a risk of iron deficiency anemia. Additionally, the nutrients in the gummy vitamins may come from artificial sources, which can affect their bioavailability. These sweeter vitamins also have added sugars; it may be tempting to eat one too many.

Taking more than the recommended amounts of vitamins can create a risk for toxicity of <u>fat</u> <u>soluble vitamins</u> (such as vitamin A).

Not all vitamin supplements are created equal; it is important to choose one that has been tested for safety and quality. The *United States Food and Drug Administration* (FDA: Dietary Supplements) does not have the authority to review dietary supplements for safety and effectiveness prior to marketing of the product. However, the manufacturer is required to ensure that safety and labeling meet requirements that the FDA follow under the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 (DSHEA).

Choosing a prenatal vitamin

Below are tips for helping families choose their prenatal vitamin.

- Ask your healthcare provider- they can prescribe or recommend a prenatal vitamin.
- Read the label- look for a vitamin that contains:
 - Iron: 27 mg (100% DV)
 - lodine: 150 mcg (100% DV)
 - Folic acid: 400 mcg (100% DV)
 - Vitamin B12 (recommended for vegans, vegetarians, and those who have had certain bariatric surgeries)

- **Ask the pharmacist** before purchasing an over-the-counter prenatal vitamin, ask which product(s) have been tested for safety and quality.
- Be aware- natural does not always mean safe!
- **Take the correct amount** be sure to take only the prescribed or recommended amount per serving each day.

Comparing prenatal vitamins

Prenatal Vitamin	Tablets/Gelcaps/Gummies	Comparing Vitamin Content
Rainbow Light: Prenatal One (tablets) (serving size 1 tablet)	Prenatal One Prenatal One Formulation and The prenatation and The pr	✓ Iron (100% DV) ✓ Iodine (100% DV) ✓ Folic acid (100% DV) *Tablet does NOT contain gelatin.
Equate: Daily Prenatal (tablets and soft gels) (serving size 1 tablet + 1 soft gel)	equate Coay Personal Salay and an	✓ Iron (156% DV) ✓ Iodine (100% DV) ✓ Folic acid (100% DV) *Liquid gel does contain gelatin. *Tablets does NOT contain gelatin.
Vita fusion Prenatal Gummy Vitamin (serving size 2 gummies)	otafusion PreNatal	Iron (none) ✓ Iodine (76% DV) ✓ Folic acid (100% DV) *Gummy does contain gelatin.
Smarty Pants Prenatal Gummy Vitamin (serving size 4 gummies)	SMARTY PAGE & ORGANICS & FISHING FISHI	Iron (none) ✓ Iodine (100% DV) ✓ Folic acid (100% DV) *Gummy does NOT contain gelatin.

NOTE: Minnesota Department of Health WIC program does not endorse nor promote any particular brand of prenatal vitamins.

WIC's role

WIC is a health and nutrition program; it is our job to provide accurate information and support the informed decision that participants make. Begin with offering the participant evidence-based education. Participants should be made aware of the recommendations for

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supplementation, but it is not our role to prescribe or endorse a particular product. We can discuss concerns, offer suggestions for healthy eating, offer tips to alleviate nausea, and advise to consult with their health care provider for specific vitamin recommendations.

The increased need for specific vitamins and minerals during pregnancy can help to ensure a healthy outcome for mom and baby. When asking the participant if their prenatal contains iron, iodine, and folic acid, it is important to encourage them to discuss these nutrients with their health care provider. Staff should also be aware of the risks associated with lack of intake of these three important nutrients. For example, iron deficiency anemia can cause health problems during and after pregnancy. The impact deficiencies have on pregnant woman can be long lasting and persist throughout subsequent pregnancies.

For more information on the effects of deficiencies in iron, iodine, and folic acid:

- Prevent Iron Deficiency Anemia Module and Iron Deficiency Anemia- Topic of the Month
- Iodine- Topic of the Month
- Minnesota's Folic Acid Guidelines for the Prevention of Neutral Tube Defects (NTDs)

It may be important to discuss tips for alleviating nausea during pregnancy. This can be especially important when it comes to tolerating prenatal vitamin intake. Pregnant women may have trouble early on in pregnancy and we can offer suggestions that may help. This is a topic that should be reassessed at future nutrition education contacts. Participants may find that as the pregnancy progresses, they are better able to tolerate taking the vitamin as intended.

Lastly, explore whether cost may be a barrier to taking the prenatal vitamin. WIC can offer resources such as applying for medical assistance or checking with local food shelves. Remind participants to ask their health care provider for a prescription. Medical assistance will cover the cost of prenatal vitamins and most private insurances will pay for all or part of the cost.

Nutrition during pregnancy

- Eat a balanced diet with a variety of healthy, nutrient rich foods.
- Take prenatal vitamins every day in the morning or at night.
 - Taking with a meal or snack may ease nausea associated with intake.
 - Trying half in the morning and half at night may offer relief.
- Get extra nutrients and calories from lean proteins, low-fat dairy products, fruits and vegetables, and whole grain breads or cereals.
- Drink plenty of water and other non-caffeinated beverages throughout the day.
- Follow the advice of your healthcare provider and reach out to them with questions or concerns.

For a review of prenatal vitamin recommendations and requirements please see <u>Prenatal Vitamins-Topic of the Month.</u>

Resources for families

- Nutrition Education Cards: <u>Prenatal Vitamins</u>, <u>Eating Well During Pregnancy</u>, <u>Eating More</u>: <u>Iron</u>, <u>Nausea & Vomiting during Pregnancy</u>.
- Wichealth.org: Eat Well for a Healthy Pregnancy.

References- complete listing of hyperlinks:

Fat soluble vitamins (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK234920/)

<u>FDA: Dietary Supplements</u> (www.fda.gov/food/dietary-supplements)

Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994

(ods.od.nih.gov/About/DSHEA_Wording.aspx)

Prevent Iron Deficiency Anemia

<u>Module</u> (www.health.state.mn.us/training/cfh/wic/nutrition/nepresources/preventanemia/ind ex.html)

Iron Deficiency Anemia-Topic of the Month

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/localagency/topicmonth/anemia.pdf)

Iodine- Topic of the Month

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/localagency/topicmonth/iodine.pdf)

Minnesota's Folic Acid Guidelines for the Prevention of Neutral Tube Defects (NTDs)

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/childrenyouth/cyshn/folic.pdf)

Prenatal Vitamins- Topic of the Month

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/nutrition/english/pgprenatalvits.pdf)

Prenatal Vitamins

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/nutrition/english/pgprenatalvits.pdf)

Eating Well During Pregnancy

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/nutrition/english/pgeatwell.pdf)

<u>Eating More: Iron (www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/nutrition/english/geniron.pdf)</u>

Nausea & Vomiting during Pregnancy

(www.health.state.mn.us/docs/people/wic/nutrition/english/pgnausea.pdf)

Wichealth.org (www.wichealth.org/)

Minnesota Department of Health - WIC Program, 625 Robert St N, PO BOX 64975, ST PAUL MN 55164-0975; 1-800-657-3942, health.wic@state.mn.us, www.health.state.mn.us; to obtain this information in a different format, call: 1-800-657-3942.

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