Table	Table 1. Number of New Cases and Rates (per 100,000 persons) of											
	HIV Diagnoses, HIV (non-AIDS), & AIDS ^I Minnesota, 1982-2014											
Year	HIV Dia	gnosis [™]	HIV (nor	n-AIDS) ^Ⅲ								
Tear	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate						
1982-1999	6,063		5,054		5,352							
2000	282	5.7	219	4.5	173	3.5						
2001	283	5.7	232	4.7	145	2.9						
2002	308	6.1	249	5.0	176	3.5						
2003	279	5.5	226	4.5	194	3.8						
2004	309	6.1	241	4.7	246	4.8						
2005	305	6.0	246	4.8	217	4.2						
2006	318	6.2	272	5.3	196	3.8						
2007	332	6.4	265	5.1	190	3.6						
2008	323	6.2	250	4.8	202	3.8						
2009	371	7.0	282	5.3	190	3.6						
2010	331	6.2	248	4.7	181	3.4						
2011	293	5.5	220	4.1	188	3.5						
2012	314	5.9	236	4.4	203	3.8						
2013	300	5.7	216	4.1	160	3.0						
2014	307	5.8	235	4.4	160	3.0						
Cumulative Total [#]	10,718	202.1	8,691	163.9	8,173	154.1						

¹ HIV Diagnosis = New cases of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis) diagnosed within a given calendar year. HIV (non-AIDS) = New cases of HIV diagnosis (excluding AIDS at first diagnosis) diagnosed within a given calendar year. AIDS = All new cases of AIDS diagnosed within a given calendar year, including AIDS at first diagnosis.

^{II} The cumulative rate is calculated by dividing the cumulative number of cases by the estimated current state population and multiplying by 100,000. Rates for individual calendar years were calculated using 2010 U.S. Census population data (2010-2013), 2000 U.S. Census population data for 2000, and U.S. Census intercensal population estimates released in September 2011 were used for years 2001-2009.

^{III}Numbers and rates exclude federal and private prisoners and refugees in the HIV-Positive Refugee Resettlement Program, as well as refugee/immigrants with an HIV diagnosis prior to arrival in Minnesota

^{IV} Numbers and rates include refugees in the HIV-Positive Refugee Resettlement Program, as well as other refugee/immigrants diagnosed with AIDS subsequent to their arrival in the U.S.

Please Note: The sum of HIV (non-AIDS) cases and AIDS cases will be greater than the number of cases of HIV Infection in a given year. The difference occurs because, unlike the HIV Infection category, the AIDS category includes both cases that are AIDS at first diagnosis as well as those cases that progress from HIV (non-AIDS) to AIDS during the year (see above definitions).

Table 2. Number of Cases and Rates (per 100,000 persons) of HIV Diagnosis										
	by Re	sidence, A	ge, and Ge	nder ^l Mir	nnesota, 20	14				
Group	Ma	les	Fem	ales	То	tal	HIV			
Group	Cases	%	Cases	%	Cases	%	Infection Rate			
Residence ^{ll}										
Minneapolis	80	34%	17	23%	97	32%	25.4			
St. Paul	36	15%	8	11%	44	14%	15.4			
Suburban	85	36%	38	52%	123	40%	5.6			
Greater Minnesota	33	14%	10	14%	43	14%	1.8			
Total	234	100%	73	100%	307	100%	5.9			
Age										
<13 yrs	0	0%	1	1%	1	0%	0.1			
13-19 yrs	15	6%	3	4%	18	6%	3.5			
20-24 yrs	34	15%	5	7%	39	13%	11.0			
25-29 yrs	37	16%	11	15%	48	16%	12.9			
30-34 yrs	33	14%	16	22%	49	16%	14.3			
35-39 yrs	31	13%	12	16%	43	14%	13.1			
40-44 yrs	25	11%	12	16%	37	12%	10.5			
45-49 yrs	24	10%	3	4%	27	9%	6.6			
50-54 yrs	15	6%	2	3%	17	6%	4.2			
55-59 yrs	11	5%	4	5%	15	5%	4.3			
60+ yrs	9	4%	4	5%	13	4%	1.4			
Total	234	100%	73	100%	307	100%	5.8			
							1			
StateTotals	23	234		<i>'</i> 3	3	07	5.8			

¹ HIV Diagnosis includes all new cases of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis) among Minnesota residents in 2014.

^{II} Residence at time of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis).

Suburban = Seven-county metropolitan area except Minneapolis & St. Paul (Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin (except Minneapolis), Ramsey (except St. Paul), Scott, and Washington counties). Greater Minnesota = Remaining 80 counties outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.

Numbers and rates exclude federal and private prisoners and refugees in the HIV-Positive Refugee Resettlement Program, as well as refugee/immigrants with an HIV diagnosis prior to arrival in Minnesota. State prisoners are included (4 diagnoses in 2014). Rates calculated using U.S. Census 2010 data. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding

Table 3. Number of Cases and Rates (per 100,000 persons) of										
HIV Dia	agnosis b	y Race/	Ethnicity 8	& Mode of	f Exposu	re ^l Minn	esota, 20 ⁻	14		
	Males			Females			Total			
Group	Cases	%	Rate ^{IV}	Cases	%	Rate [™]	Cases	%	Rate ^{III}	
Race/Ethnicity										
White, non-Hispanic	122	52%	5.6	14	19%	0.6	136	44%	3.1	
Black ^{II} , African-American	45	19%	Х	16	22%	Х	61	20%	31.8	
Black ^{II} , African-born	20	9%	Х	32	44%	Х	52	17%	67.0	
Hispanic	28	12%	21.2	6	8%	5.1	34	11%	13.6	
American Indian	2	1%	6.6	3	4%	#	5	2%	9.0	
Asian/PI	9	4%	8.6	1	1%	#	10	3%	4.7	
Other ^{II}	8	3%	Х	1	1%	Х	9	3%	X	
Total	234	100%	8.9	73	100%	2.7	307	100%	5.8	
Mode of Exposure										
MSM	144	62%	Х			Х	144	47%	Х	
IDU	3	1%	Х	2	3%	Х	5	2%	Х	
MSM/IDU	11	5%	Х			Х	11	4%	Х	
Heterosexual (Total)	(6)	3%	Х	(53)	73%	Х	(59)	19%	Х	
with IDU	1		Х	0		Х	2		Х	
with Bisexual Male	0		Х	1		Х	1		Х	
with Hemophiliac/other	1		Х	0		Х	0		Х	
with HIV+	4		Х	10		Х	14		Х	
Hetero, unknown risk ^{\vee}	0		Х	42		Х	42		Х	
Perinatal	1	0%	Х	1	1%	Х	2	1%	Х	
Other	0	0%	Х	0	0%	Х	0	0%	Х	
Unspecified	45	19%	Х	10	14%	Х	55	18%	X	
No Interview, Unspecified	24	10%	Х	7	10%	Х	31	10%	Х	
Total	234	100%	8.9	73	100%	2.7	307	100%	5.8	

¹ HIV Diagnosis includes all new cases of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis) among Minnesota residents in 2014.

^{II} African-born Blacks are reported separately from other Blacks (born in the U.S. or elsewhere). The Black, African-American population is non-Hispanic. "Other" includes multi-racial persons and persons with unknown race.

^{III} Rates calculated using U.S. Census 2010 data. The population estimate for African-born persons was calculated by the Minnesota State Demographic Center . The population estimate for Black, African-American persons (191,584) was calculated by subtracting the U.S. Census estimate for African-born persons (77,557) from the total Black, non-Hispanic population (269,141). Note that this assumes that all African-born persons are Black (as opposed to another race).

^{IV} U.S. Census 2010 data necessary to calculate race-specific rates by gender are not available for all subpopulations, and/or numbers are too small to calculate reliable rates.

Numbers exclude federal and private prisoners and refugees in the HIV-Positive Refugee Resettlement Program, as well as, refugee/immigrants with an HIV diagnosis prior to arrival in Minnesota.

^V Hetero, unknown risk - Females who were interviewed and whose only risk is heterosexual contact but who were not able to provide information on the sexual partner's risk.

MSM = Men who have sex with men. IDU = Injecting drug use. Heterosexual = For males: heterosexual contact with a female known to be HIV+, an injecting drug user, or a hemophiliac/blood product or organ transplant recipient. For females: heterosexual contact with a male known to be HIV+, bisexual, an injecting drug user, or a hemophiliac/blood product or organ transplant recipient. Perinatal = Mother to child HIV transmission; birth may have occurred in a previous year. Unspecified = Cases who did not acknowledge any of the risks listed above. No Interview, Unspecified = Cases who refused to be, could not be or have not yet been interviewed.

Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

	ounty of Residence - in	Table 4. Number of Cases and Rates (per 100,000 persons) of HIV Diagnosis by County of Residence ¹ – Minnesota, 2014								
County	HIV Diagnosis	HIV Diagnosis								
Aitkin	Cases	Rate								
Anoka	22	6.6								
Becker	0	-								
Beltrami	0	-								
Benton	1	-								
Big Stone	0	-								
Blue Earth	4	-								
Brown	0	-								
Carlton	1	-								
Carver	3	-								
Cass	0	-								
Chippewa	1	-								
Chisago Clay	0	-								
Clearwater	0									
Cook	0	-								
Cottonwood	0	-								
Crow Wing	0	-								
Dakota	22	5.5								
Dodge	0	-								
Douglas	0	-								
Faribault	0	-								
illmore	0	-								
reeborn	0	-								
Goodhue	0	-								
Grant	0	-								
Hennepin	157	13.6								
Houston	0	-								
Hubbard	1	-								
santi	3	-								
tasca	0	-								
Jackson	0	-								
Kanabec	0	-								
Kandiyohi	0	-								
Kittson	0	-								
Koochiching	0	-								
ac Qui Parle	0	-								
_ake _ake of the Woods	0									
	0	-								
_e Sueur _incoln	0	-								
_yon	0	_								
AcLeod	0									
Mahnomen	0	-								
Marshall	0									
Vartin	0	-								
Vleeker	1	-								
Ville Lacs	1	-								
Morrison	0	-								
Nower	5	12.8								
Aurray	1	-								
Nicollet	2	-								
Nobles	1	-								
Norman	0	-								
Dimsted	2	-								
Otter Tail	0	-								
Pennington	0	-								
Pine	0	-								
Pipestone	0	-								
Polk	0	-								
Pope	0	-								
Ramsey	52	10.2								
Red Lake	0	-								
Redwood	0	-								
Renville	1	-								
Rice	3	-								
Rock	0	-								
Roseau	0 3	-								
St. Louis Scott	5									
	5 4	3.8								
Sherburne	0	-								
Sibley	3	-								
Stearns Steele	1	-								
Stevens	0	-								
Swift	1	-								
Fodd	0	-								
Traverse	0	-								
Wabasha	0	-								
Wadasha Wadena	0									
Waseca	1	-								
Vashington	3	-								
Watonwan	0	-								
Wilkin	0	-								
Winona	1	-								
Wright	0	-								
fellow Medicine	0	-								
		5.8								

¹ HIV Diagnosis includes all new cases of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis) among Minnesota residents in 2014.

Residence at time of HIV diagnosis (both HIV (non-AIDS) and AIDS at first diagnosis).
Retes calculated using U.S. Census 2010 data. Rates not calculated for counties with fewer than 5 cases.

Numbers and rates exclude federal and private prisoners and refugees in the HIV-Positive Refugee Resettlement Program, as well as, refugee/immigrants with an HIV diagnosis prior to arrival in Minnesota. HIV infection was diagnosed among four state prisoners during 2014 (State correctional facilities are located in the following counties: Anoka, Carlton, Chisago, Goodhue, Itasca, Rice, Scott, Sherburne, and Washington).

				Perinat	al HIV Ex	posure ^l				
		Table 5a. Nu	umber of B	irths to HIV	-Infected Wo	omen ^{II} by Y	ear of Child	s Birth and	I	
			Mothe	er's Race/Et	hnicity, Min	nesota 198	2-2014			
				Foreign-born Mothers ^Ⅳ						
Year(s)	White	Black, African- American ^{III}	Black, African- born ^{III}	Hispanic	American Indian	Asian/PI	Multi-racial	Total	Number	(% of total in time period)
1982-1999	84	68	10	9	14	4	2	191	20	10%
2000	12	10	7	2	1	1	0	33	9	27%
2001	1	20	12	1	2	0	1	37	15	41%
2002	9	6	13	3	2	0	3	36	14	39%
2003	5	14	18	6	1	1	2	47	21	45%
2004	7	13	22	3	2	1	1	49	24	49%
2005	7	7	21	3	0	2	1	41	25	61%
2006	7	14	21	6	1	1	2	52	27	52%
2007^	16	12	24	2	2	1	2	60	29	48%
2008	3	11	27	6	0	3	3	53	34	64%
2009	16	13	34	4	1	2	1	71	39	55%
2010^	7	14	22	2	2	1	3	51	23	45%
2011^	10	10	28	9	4	1	3	68	35	51%
2012^	14	11	26	3	2	0	3	60	32	53%
2013^	8	12	32	4	4	1	1	62	34	55%
2014^	5	8	41	4	1	2	3	65	45	69%
Cumulative Total	211	243	358	67	39	21	31	976	426	44%

NOTE: A birth to an HIV-infected woman was only included in the table if her residence at the time of child's birth was reported as Minnesota.

^I Exposure of child to HIV during pregnancy, at birth, and/or during breastfeeding.

^{II} HIV-infected women may or may not have progressed to an AIDS diagnosis.

^{III} African-born Blacks are reported separately from other Blacks (born in the U.S. or elsewhere).

^{IV} Mothers' places of birth include: Africa (231), Asia/Pacific Islands (16), Latin America/Caribbean (28), and Europe (2).

				Perinata	HIV Tran	smission	I			
	Tab	le 5b. Numbe			red HIV/AID /Ethnicity, N	-		ld's Birth		
Year(s)				Foreign-born Mothers ^Ⅲ						
	White	Black, African- American ^{II}	Black, African- born ^{II}	Hispanic	American Indian	Asian/PI	Multi-racial	Total	Number	(% of total in time period)
1982-1999	18	5	3	3	2	2	0	33	6	18%
2000	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0%
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2002	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	100%
2003	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	100%
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2006	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	100%
2007	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	100%
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2010	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	100%
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2012	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	100%
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2014	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0%
Cumulative Total	19	7	8	4	2	2	0	42	13	31%
Rate of Transmission 2012 - 2014	3.7%	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	0.9%	
Cumulative Rate of Transmission ^{IV}	9.0%	2.9%	2.2%	6.0%	5.1%			4.3%	3.1%	

NOTE: Cases of perinatally-acquired HIV/AIDS were only included in the table if the child's residence at the time of birth was reported as Minnesota.

¹ Transmission of HIV from mother to child during pregnancy, at birth, and/or during breastfeeding.

^{II} African-born Blacks are reported separately from other Blacks (born in the U.S. or elsewhere).

^{III} Mothers' places of birth include: Africa (8), Asia/Pacific Islands (2), Latin America/Caribbean (2), Europe (1).

^{IV} The cumulative rate of HIV transmission is calculated by dividing the total number of perinatally-acquired HIV infections by the total number of births in a category and multiplying by 100. Rates calculated only for categories where the cumulative number of births is 30 or greater.