

MDH Interoperability Webinar Series: MDH Overall Interoperability Data Strategy

Melinda Hanson, Interoperability External Partner Liaison, Office of Data Strategy and Interoperability

December 2, 2021

Join any or all MDH Interoperability Webinars in this Series:

Date	Public Health Reporting Use Case
December 9	Immunization Reporting (MIIC) *
December 16	Traumatic Brain Injury/Spinal Cord Injury (TBI/SCI)
January 6	Expanded syndromic surveillance with participation in the National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP) *
January 13	Electronic Case Reporting (ELR) *
January 20	Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) *
January 27	Laboratory Orders/Results – Infectious Disease Lab (IDL)
February 3	Laboratory Orders/Results – Newborn Screening Blood Spot (NBS)



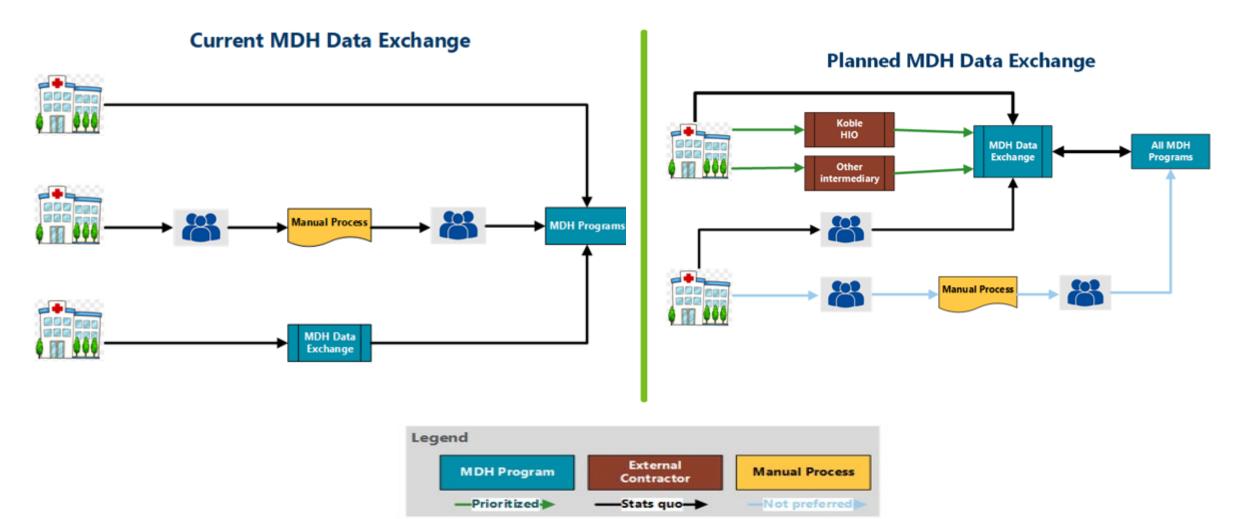
^{*} Denotes CMS required public health reporting for Medicare payments

Webinars to provide information towards:

- ✓ Reducing your reporting administrative burden
- ✓ Meeting the CMS public health reporting requirements
- ✓ Improving data quality so information shared with MDH can better address future emerging threats and address population health issues
- ✓ Learning how you, your organization, and your patients benefit from improved public health reporting



MDH Interoperability Strategy: Overall





MDH Request of External Partners

- ✓ Schedule meeting with DSI to discuss more details related to health system needs
 - Determine your organizations' public health reporting priorities for implementation and share with DSI (checklist)
 - Discuss any barriers or opportunities for electronic implementation with MDH
- Plan and coordinate MDH public health reporting improvements through DSI and provide feedback to processes



MDH Overall Data Strategy

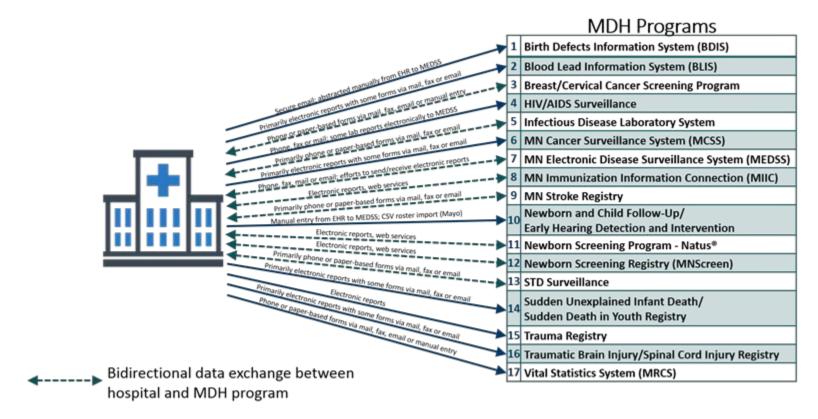


Agenda

- 1. Vision of DSI and Problems working to address
- 2. CMS Proposed rules and MDH declared readiness
- 3. HIO contract with MDH and impact on partners
- 4. MDH public health reporting options
- 5. Next Steps



External Partner: problem that Interoperability will improve



Source: MDH Informatics Assessment: Interoperability and Health Information Exchange, MDH Office of Health IT, April 2016

Slide adapted from Bryant Karras, Chief Informatics Officer, Washington State Department of Health



Vision for MDH Interoperability

- Streamline the number of reporting and exchange relationships between MDH and External partners, using consistent standards for data and exchange.
- Leverage existing source data in electronic health records for reporting.
- Improve data quality and reduce need for manual data cleanup.
- Access public health data to support population health management.
- Support Minnesota's statewide health information exchange environment.



MDH Project Plan Approach

- To plan for a more coordinated process of implementing electronic public health reporting across multiple MDH programs.
- External partner identifies which public health reporting options are desired for improvements and assigns resources.
- Implement identified public health reporting options as one MDH Interoperability Project



CMS Rules Approved July 2021

- Public health reporting requirements proposed for CY2022 include four required measures associated with the Public health objective (10 points for all 4 are required, not optional):
 - ✓ ELR reporting
 - ✓ Immunization registry reporting
 - ✓ Electronic Case Reporting (eCR)
 - ✓ Syndromic Surveillance Reporting
- Public Health Registries (may use 1 for Bonus points, optional):
 - Minnesota Cancer Reporting
 - MN Screen (pulse oximetry and hearing screening)
 - Blood Lead reporting

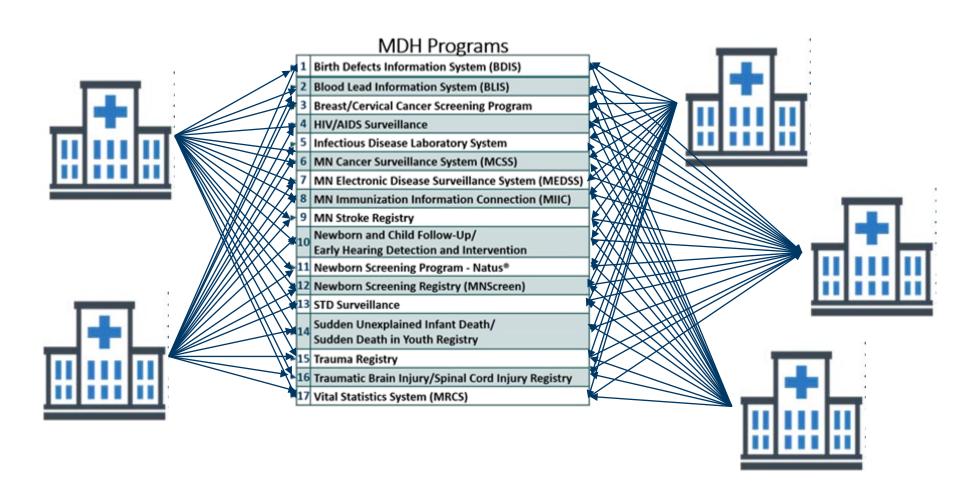


The problem

- Experiencing increased volumes with COVID data submissions and expecting increased volumes with CMS New Rules
- MDH currently has multiple point-to-point transactions, primarily for immunization reporting and ELR, with primarily manual processes for all other public health reporting (i.e., faxing, RedCap, sFTP or other manual uploads)
- Identified gaps in public health reporting data from all required organizations, and incomplete or non-standard, poor quality data elements (P-1371)
- Current manual processes restricting resource availability to address public health issues, including case investigation and epidemiology of case management

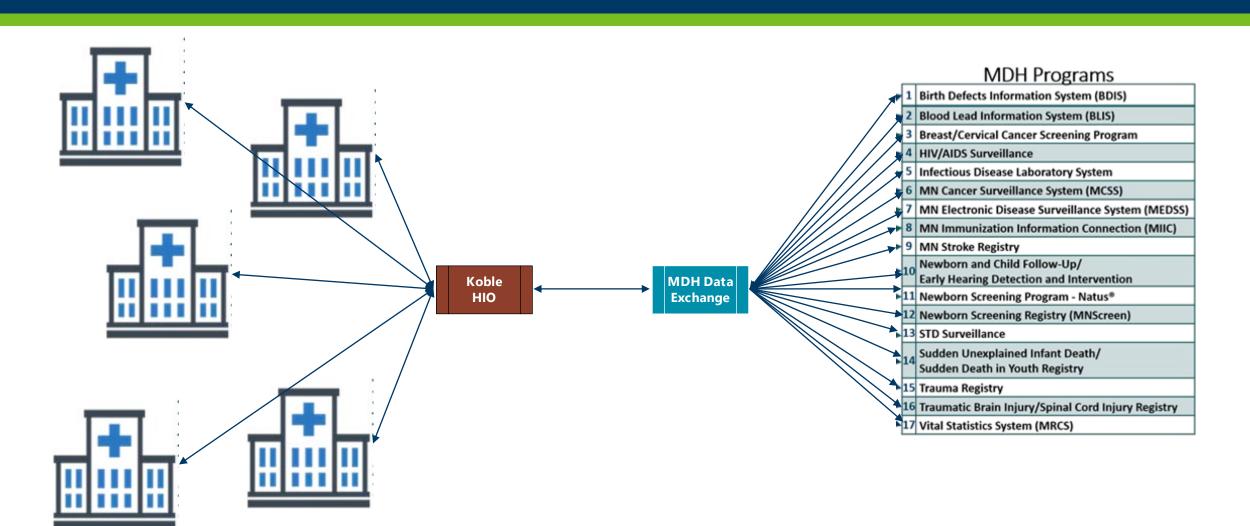


MDH: problem that Interoperability will improve





Planned MDH Interoperability System Design





MDH-Koble HIO contract – how does it work?

- Connect external partners to MDH for a number of public health transactions.
- Contract pays for Koble set up fees for multiple transactions and first year of participation fee for the external partner.
- External partner provides internal IT resources to implement the projects, EHR costs, and future HIO maintenance costs (up to \$10,000 annually).
- External partner may utilize HIO for other services beyond public health reporting to maximize value of HIO maintenance costs



MDH Interoperability Projects

Public Health Reporting	Methods
Electronic Case Reporting (eCR) * (HL7 CDA or eCR now)	via AIMS Hub/RCKMS -> MDH via Koble -> AIMS Hub/RCKMS -> MDH
Laboratory Orders/Results – Infectious Disease Lab (IDL) (HL7 Lab orders/Results)	Via Koble to MDH
Laboratory Orders/Results – Newborn Screening Blood Spot (HL7 Lab orders/results)	Via Koble -> MDH
National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP) * (De-identified ADT+ messages)	Via MN EAS -> NSSP (and MDH); analysis in ESSENCE Via Koble -> NSSP (and MDH); analysis in ESSENCE
Traumatic Brain Injury/Spinal Cord Injury (TBI/SCI) reporting (Identified ADT messages)	Via MN EAS -> MDH Via Koble -> MDH
Electronic Laboratory Reporting (ELR) * (HL7 ELR messages, other formats (not PI eligible))	Via Koble -> MDH From EHR or LIS -> MDH
Immunization reporting (MIIC) * (HL7 VXU and QBP messages)	Via Koble <-> MDH From EHR <-> MDH



Considering Other Use Cases for MDH Interoperability

- Birth Defects: potential added use case with eCR
- Blood Lead reporting from clinic (Point of Care testing) settings
- Cancer Reporting
- Other suggested use cases for MDH Interoperability?



Supporting work and future initiatives at MDH toward improved Interoperability

- Multiple pilots for Use Cases through Koble and Audacious Inquiry in completion and evaluation phase
- Webinar Series (weekly through February 3, 2022)
- Create Office of Date Strategy and Interoperability website
- Update program websites
- eData Registry Replacement (External Partner Registry) for onboarding and ongoing tracking of all Use Cases
- PHINMS Replacement solution analysis
- Use of FHIR and other APIs input from external partners encouraged



Next Steps

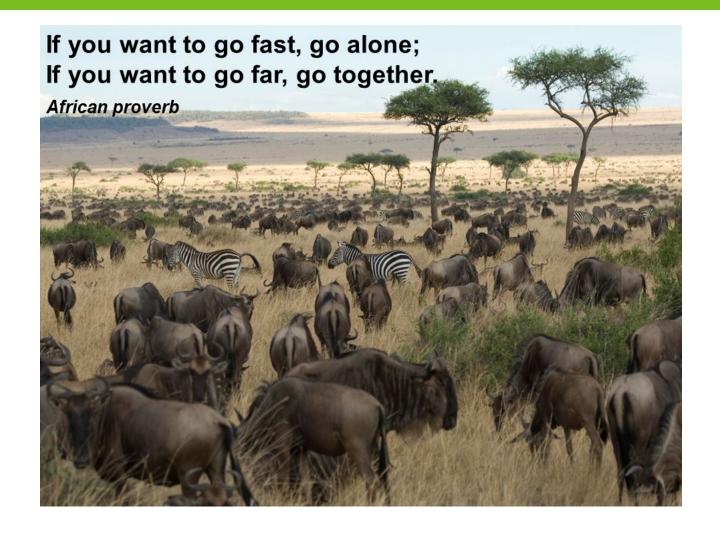


MDH Request of External Partners

- ✓ Schedule meeting with DSI to discuss more details related to health system needs
 - Determine your organizations' public health reporting priorities for implementation and share with DSI (checklist)
 - Discuss any barriers or opportunities for electronic implementation with MDH
- Consider Participation Agreement with Koble (https://3b54d489-fb07-4eda-b01d-8169cc695bc4.filesusr.com/ugd/64a972 dddba6a5436949e5952abe8094b9c778.pdf)
- Plan and coordinate MDH public health reporting improvements through DSI and provide feedback to processes



Collaboratively working through MDH Interoperability Improvements





Q & A





Thank you.

Webinar materials: **DSI** website

(https://www.health.state.mn.us/data/interoperability/webinar.html)

Further questions: health.dsi@state.mn.us

