

DEPARTMENT MINNESOTA INITIAL REFUGEE HEALTH ASSESSMENT FORM

OF HEALTH Return completed form, preferably within 30 days of screening completion, to address on bottom of page 3.									
					Arrival Status:				
Date of Birth (month, day, year):					Gender:				
Alien or Visa Registration#:					Resettlement Agency:				
U.S. Arrival Date (month, day, year):					Country of Origin:				
TB Class A or B Status:				<u> </u>					
Date of First Clinic Visit fo				<u> </u>					
Date of Final Clinic Visit fo			day, year): _	/	/				
Screening Clinic Inforn	nation								
Screening Clinic: Physician/PA/NP Last:			First:						
Address: City:				Zip Code:					
Name/title of person comple	eting fo	rm	Phone						
Interpreter needed: Yes,									
Immunizations	iunguo	ige(s) riceded:				140			
Please attach immunization reco	rd of bot	h overseas and/or	domestic vaccii	nations to	this form or specify N	MIIC ID below.			
Minnesota Immunization Inforr									
If immunizations were not give									
Lab evidence of immunity									
Hepatitis A Total Antibodies:	☐ Posi	tive	☐ Negative		☐ Indeterminate				
Measles:	☐ Imm	une	ne 🔲 Not Immune		☐ Indeterminate				
Mumps:	☐ Imm	une	☐ Not Immune	e 🔲 Indeterminate					
Rubella:	☐ Immune		☐ Not Immune						
Varicella:	☐ Imm	une	☐ Not Immune	!	☐ Indeterminate				
Tuberculosis Screen	ing			1					
Tuberculin Skin Test (TST) (regardless of BCG history)		Chest X-Ray – done in U.S.		Diagnosis (must check one)		Treatment			
		(If TST or IGRA positive, Class B, or symptomatic)				(for TB disease or LTBI)			
Date TST placed (in U.S.):/		Date of Chest X-Ray (in U.S.):				Start Date:/ OR Reason for not treating			
mm Induration (not redness)		□ Normal		☐ No TB infection or disease					
☐ Past history of positive TST (66)		☐ Abnormal, stable	e, old or healed	□ Latent	TB Infection (LTBI)*	☐ Declined treatment			
		☐ Abnormal, cavitary		☐ Old, healed <u>not</u> prev. Tx TB*		☐ Lost to follow-up			
☐ Declined test (88)	☐ Declined test (88)		☐ Abnormal, non-cavitary,		ısly treated LTBI	☐ Moved out of MN			
□ Not done (99)		□ Abnormal, not c active TB	onsistent with	□ Old, he	aled prev. Tx TB	☐ Pregnancy or Breastfeeding			
☐ Given, not read (77)		□ Abnormal, stable TB	e, old or healed	□ Latent	TB Infection (LTBI)*	☐ Declined treatment			
☐ Declined test (88)		☐ Abnormal, cavita	ary	□ Old, he	aled <u>not</u> prev. Tx TB*	☐ Lost to follow-up			
□ Not done (99)		☐ Abnormal, non-consistent with act	ive TB	☐ Previou	ısly treated LTBI	☐ Moved out of MN			
		☐ Abnormal, not c active TB	onsistent with		aled prev. Tx TB	☐ Pregnancy or Breastfeeding			
Date of IGRA (in U.S.):/	/	☐ Pending		☐ Active or confirm	TB disease – (suspected ned)*	☐ Medical other than pregnancy			
IGRA Test: ☐ QFT ☐ T-SPOT		☐ Declined CXR		☐ Pendin	-	☐ Provider decision			
☐ Positive		□ Not Done		☐ Incomp	lete evaluation	☐ Further evaluation pending			
□ Negative						□ Other:			
☐ Indeterminate				*Comple	te TB treatment sectio	on			
☐ Borderline									
□ Not Done		TR treatment follo	w-un clinic if not	the same	as screening clinic:				

Alien Number:									
Hepatitis B and D Screening									
1. Anti-HBs (✓ one)	□Negative □Posi	ive; Note if positive, p	atient is immune.	□Indetermina	te □Results pending □Not done				
2. HBsAg (✓ one)	□Negative □Posit	ive* □Indeter	minate \square R	esults pending	□Not done				
3. Anti-HBc (✓ one)	□Negative □Posit	ive □Indeter	minate □Re	sults pending	□Not done				
*If positive for HBsAg, anti-HDV (✓ one) □Negative □Positive □Indeterminate □Results pending □Not done									
Hepatitis C Screening									
Anti-HCV (✓ one) ☐ Negative ☐ Positive ☐ Indeterminate ☐ Pending ☐ Not done ☐ HCV CONFIRM ☐ Negative ☐ Positive									
Sexual and Reproductive Health (check one for each of the following)									
1. Syphilis Non- Treponemal Test (RPR-VDRL)	□Negative □Posi	ated for Syphilis in U.S.? es □No □Referred							
Syphilis Treponemal Test (i.e EIA, TP-PA)	□Negative □Posi	tive □Pending	□Not done						
2. Gonorrhea	□Negative □Posi	tive; treated:yes	no	ding □Not	done				
3. Chlamydia	amydia								
4. HIV	□Negative □Posi	tive; treated:yes	no □Pending	□Not done	HIV CONFIRM □Negative □Positive				
Female Genital Cutting/Circumcision (answer the following questions for all female patients from countries where FGM/C is practiced)									
1. Has the patient has been cut/circumcised? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Deferred ☐ Physical exam ☐ History collection									
2. If patient has been c	ut/circumcised, and po	elvic exam was done, ii	ndicate type of cut	: 🔲 type I	☐ type II ☐ type III				
3. If pelvic exam was deferred, was patient referred to primary care? ☐Yes ☐No									
CBC with differe	ential done?	Yes □No							
If yes, was Eosinophilia present?									
Intestinal Parasit	e Screening								
1. Was screening for pa	arasites done? (✓ one)	□Yes □No If	No, why not?						
2. Serology Test		ts Pending □Not don	•						
Schistosoma	□Negative □Positive; treated:yesno □Indeterminate □Results Pending □Not done								
Strongyloides	□Negative □Positive; treated:yesno □Indeterminate □Results Pending □Not done								
3. Stool (O&P) Test	☐No parasites found				☐Results Pending				
	□Non-pathogenic parasites found OBlastocystis; treated:yesno □Not Done								
□Pathogenic parasite(s) found									
(If positive for pathogenic									
☐ Schistosoma Treated? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Strongyloid ☐ E. histolytic			Treated? ☐Yes ☐No ☐Dientameoba Treated? ☐Yes ☐No						
	□Yes □No	☐Hymenolepis Trea			Clonorchis Treated? □Yes □No				
☐Trichuris Treated? ☐Hookworm Treated?									
If not treated, why not?	2103 2110								
Malaria Screening									
□ Not screened for malaria □ Presumptively treated for malaria in the U.S.									
☐ Screened, no malaria species found in blood smears									
☐ Screened, malaria spe	•								
If malaria species	If malaria species found: Treated? ☐ Yes ☐ No → Referred for malaria treatment? ☐ Yes ☐ No								
If referred for malaria treatment, specify physician/clinic:									

☐ Screened, results pending

Alien Number: _ **Labs and Measurements** (fill in for all refugees) Weight (lbs) **BP-Sys/Dias** Height (in) Head Circum. (< 3 yrs old, cm) Pulse Blood Glucose (mg/dL) Hematocrit (%) Vit. D Total (ng/ml) Lead (<17 yrs old; Pregnant/BF) Hemoglobin Other Health Conditions Pregnancy Test □Positive □Not done Hearing Problems □Not done □Negative □Yes □No Currently Breastfeeding □Yes □No **Dental Problems** □Yes □No □Not done Vision Loss □Yes Addtl. Health Concern? (list) □No □Not done Mental Health Screened for Mental Health □Yes □No If No. why not? A. If screened, mental health screening tool used: (check one) ☐ WE Check: Minnesota Well-being Check (for ages 18+) ☐ Other (please specify): For the WE Check: Minnesota Well-being Check only, specify results below: □No 1. In the past month, have you felt too sad? □Yes □Not asked 2. In the past month, have you been worrying or thinking too much? □Yes □No □Not asked 3. In the past month, have thoughts about the past kept you from doing things or spending time with others? ☐Yes ☐No ☐Not asked 4. In the past month, did you have sleep problems? □Yes □No □Not asked In the past month, did you have memory problems? □Yes □No □Not asked 6. If any of the above answers were yes: Did any of the above stop you from doing things you need to do every day? □Yes □No □Not asked □Positive (mental health concerns identified) **B.** Mental Health Screening outcome (all screening tools): ■Negative If positive, was mental health referral made? ☐Yes, in primary care setting ☐Yes, in specialty care setting \square No Referrals (check all that apply) ☐ Primary Care / Family Practice ☐ Dentistry ☐ Ophthalmology/Optometry ☐ Audiology/Hearing ☐ Hematology/Oncology ☐ Radiology ☐ Cardiology □ Neurology □ Dermatology ☐ Immunology/Allergy ☐ Nutrition ☐ Surgery ☐ Infectious Disease □ Pediatrics ☐ Urology ☐ Ear, Nose & Throat (ENT) ☐ Emergency/Urgent Care ☐ Internal Medicine ☐ Public Health Nurse (PHN) □ WIC □ Endocrinology ☐ OB/GYN or Family Planning □ Social Services ☐ Gastroenterology (GI) ☐ Home Care/PCA □ Nephrology ☐ Orthopedics ☐ Occupational/Physical Therapy ☐ Other Referral: Reimbursement/Insurance Information ☐ Straight MA MHCP/MA ID # Activation Date: ☐ PMAP (specify health plan):_ MHCP/PMAP ID#: Activation Date: ☐ Private third party payer ☐ Other (specify) ☐ No Insurance 🗆 Flat Fee* (*A flat fee reimbursement is available to clinics that screen refugees without health insurance. Must be a primary refugee, screened within 90 days of arrival, and with complete exam. Call (651) 201-5414 for more information. Note: Fill out the Minnesota Refugee Health Assessment Form indicating the results of the tests listed on this form and return to the local public health agency noted below within 30 days of completion of screening. For more information, contact the Refugee Health Program, Minnesota Department of Health at (651) 201-5414. RETURN/MAIL TO: (Local Public Health Agency) Find the Minnesota current refugee screening guidance materials at Address: _ www.health.state.mn.us/refugee Use CareRef, the interactive clinical tool, to get a person-specific screening guidance https://careref.web.health.state.mn.us/

Phone:

Minnesota Department of Health Initial Health Screening Tests Recommended for All Refugees

The comprehensive **Refugee Health Assessment** includes complete history, review of systems, physical examination, and laboratory testing. Infectious diseases and chronic conditions are both within the scope of the assessment. Evaluate for cardiovascular conditions, diabetes, hematologic disorders (eosinophilia, anemia, and microcytosis), nutritional deficiencies, thyroid disease, otorhinologic and dermatologic abnormalities. Record vital signs and anthropometric measurements. Perform urinalysis for any patient old enough to produce a clean catch specimen, and conduct dental, vision, and hearing evaluations. Refer to the Minnesota Domestic Refugee Health Screening Guidance (www.health.state.mn.us/communities/rih/hcp/index.html) or CareRef (https://careref.web.health.state.mn.us/).

Disease or Condition

Screening Recommendations

Immunizations

All refugees should be offered vaccinations for which they are currently eligible under ACIP guidelines (catch-up guidelines may be appropriate). Review overseas vaccinations received on DS-3025 overseas exam and ask patient if they have personal copies of vaccinations received overseas. Documented vaccine doses administered outside the United States should be accepted as valid if schedules and doses are compatible with ACIP recommendations. Checking for laboratory evidence of immunity (i.e., titer) is an acceptable alternative to vaccination; however, the clinician should be familiar with the appropriateness and interpretation of available serologic tests when relying on testing as proof of immunity. If you need assistance translating immunization records or determining needed immunizations, call CDC hotline 800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636).

Tuberculosis (TB)

Perform a blood interferon gamma assay (IGRA) or tuberculin skin test (TST) for TB for all individuals regardless of BCG history, unless documented previous positive IGRA test. Either IGRA or TST are acceptable tests; however, IGRA is preferred for persons ≥2 years of age. Pregnancy is not a medical contraindication for IGRA or TST testing or for treatment of active or latent TB. TST administered prior to 6 months of age may yield false negative results.

- A chest x-ray should be performed for all individuals with a positive IGRA or TST test
- A chest x-ray should be performed for all individuals with a positive IGRA test from their overseas medical exam (Class B2)
- A chest x-ray should also be performed regardless of IGRA or TST results for:
 o those with a TB Class A or B1 designation from overseas exam or
 o those who have symptoms compatible with TB disease.

Hepatitis B and D

Administer a hepatitis B screening panel including hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg), hepatitis B surface antibody (anti-HBs), and hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc) to all refugees, regardless of age, vaccine history, or overseas testing results. Test for Hepatitis D in those with a positive HBsAg. Refer all persons with chronic HBV infection for additional ongoing medical evaluation.

Hepatitis C

Universal hepatitis C screening should be implemented for all new adult arrivals (≥18 years of age). Testing should consist of anti-HCV and, if positive, HCV RNA testing. Test for HCV in children <18 years with risk factors (HCV-positive mother, injection drug use, HIV infection, unaccompanied refugee minor, chronic hemodialysis, signs or symptoms of liver disease, household contacts with HCV, history of female genital mutilation or cutting). Because anti-HCV testing in children younger than 18 months may be falsely positive due to detection of passively acquired maternal antibody, testing prior to age 18 months should consist of HCV RNA testing. Refer all persons with chronic HBV infection for additional ongoing medical evaluation.

Intestinal Parasites

• All Refugees

Evaluate for eosinophilia by obtaining a CBC with differential (eosinophilia >400 cells/mcl) If positive for eosinophilia, re-check for eosinophilia 3-6 months after arrival

Refugees from Asia, Middle East, North Africa, Latin America, or Caribbean
 If no pre-departure albendazole: Provide presumptive albendazole treatment, or conduct stool ova and parasites

If no pre-departure ivermectin: Provide presumptive ivermectin therapy or conduct serology for

Strongyloides

• Refugees from sub-Saharan Africa

If no pre-departure albendazole: Provide presumptive albendazole treatment, or conduct stool ova and parasites

If no pre-departure ivermectin: Provide presumptive ivermectin therapy or conduct serology for Strongyloides. **Do not** provide presumptive ivermectin therapy to refugees from *loa loa*-endemic regions of sub-Saharan Africa unless *loa loa* infection can be ruled out.

If no pre-departure praziquantel: Provide presumptive praziquanteltherapy or conduct serology for Schistosomiasis

HIV

Routine screening for HIV, ages 13-64 years. Screening those <13 and ≥65 is also encouraged. Children <13 should be screened unless mother has negative HIV status and child is otherwise at low risk. In most situations, complete risk factor info is unavailable, and child should be screened. If positive for HIV antibodies, ensure specific HIV-2 testing for those native to or transmitted through West Africa. Children <18 months who test positive for HIV antibodies should receive further testing with DNA or RNA assays, as antibody tests can be unreliable at this age, as they may detect persistent maternal antibody.

Sexual and Reproductive Health

Test all those ≥15 years for syphilis infection, unless treated for syphilis pre-departure. For patients with documented history of syphilis diagnosis and treatment, perform serologic re-evaluation at 6 and 12 months post-treatment (2-3 months for pediatric patients). Test refugees <15 years if risk factors are present.

Test all refugees <25 years for chlamydia and gonorrhea if sexually active and no documentation of overseas testing. Test refugee ≥25 years if risk factors are present (e.g., new sex partner or multiple sex partners, sex partner with concurrent partners, history of sexual abuse, or sex partner who has a sexually transmitted infection), and no documentation of overseas testing.

Screen women and girls from countries where female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) is practiced (<u>UNICEF Data: Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) [https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-protection/female-genital-mutilation/]</u>) for possible FGM/C-associated medical complications, including chronic pain and recurrent urinary tract infections.

Malaria

Screen any refugee who presents with symptoms suspicious of malaria. For asymptomatic refugees from sub-Saharan Africa, screen or presumptively treat (preferred) if no documented pre- departure therapy and within 3 months of U.S. arrival (note contraindications for pregnant women and children < 5 kg).

Lead

Venous blood lead level (BLL) screening is recommended for all refugee children under 17 years, and refugees who are pregnant or breastfeeding. For those with elevated BLL ≥3.5 µg/dL, check for lead sources and check BLLs in all family members. Ensure follow up management. Within 3-6 months after initial testing, a blood lead test should be repeated for all refugee infants and children ≤6 years of age, regardless of initial screening result.

Prescribe daily pediatric multivitamins with iron for refugee children 6 to 59 months of

age.

Mental Health

Screen all adults ≥18 years for mental health distress using the WE-Check: Minnesota Wellbeing and Emotions Check. Assess children <18 years for mental health distress using a structured or semi-structured assessment, integrated into the overall health assessment. For those in need of mental health support and assistance, develop an action plan with associated management and/or referral.

NOTICE FOR HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS REGARDING RELEASE OF INFORMATION

Information on this Refugee Health Assessment Form is collected for the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH), by authority of 8 U.S. Code Chapter 12, Subchapter IV, Section 412(c)(3)* of the Immigration and Nationality Act. The information you or your clinic provide is used to obtain a health evaluation and/or treatment for the patient. It can also facilitate the individual's enrollment into a school, childcare, or early childhood programs as required by Minnesota Statutes §121A.15. MDH may release this information on the form to health care providers or agencies which are involved in the care of the individual. These health care providers and agencies usually include medical, mental and dental care providers, public health agencies, hospitals, schools, childcare centers and early childhood programs. All public health agencies, health institutions, or providers to whom the refugee has appeared for treatment or services will be entitled to the information included on this form.

Although some of the information collected includes legally reportable diseases (MN Rules Chapter 4605), there is no obligation to provide supplemental information and the client will receive health care services even if your entity does not provide the supplemental information. However, if the information is not provided, it may result in delay of services or denial of enrollment into a Minnesota school, childcare center or early childhood program because information may not be shared with agencies.

MDH protects private data in accordance with the Government Data Practices statutes, Minnesota Statutes, Chapter

Why is MDH asking for the information?

- To help the patient get medical, dental, or mental health services to ensure they receive appropriate health care;
- For school, childcare, or early childhood enrollment to aid in enrollment in these programs;
- To make reports, do research, conduct audits, evaluate refugee programs and develop interventions and educational/outreach activities to ensure refugees received appropriate health care.

With whom may this information be shared?

- Healthcare providers, including medical, mental and dental healthcare providers, public health agencies, and hospitals involved in the care of the refugee
- Schools, childcare centers or early childhood programs, for enrollment
- Local, state, or federal public health agencies conducting program evaluations to ensure refugees receive appropriate care.

DEPARTMENT

OF HEALTH

For more information, contact: The Refugee Health Program, Minnesota Department of Health 625 Robert Street N | P. O. Box 64975 | St Paul, MN 55164-0975 (651) 201-5414 (metro) | 1-877-676-5414 (toll-free) | refugeehealth@state.mn.us www.health.state.mn.us/refugee