



Healthy Kids

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons Information

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) are a family of chemicals that form and get released into air when materials like wood, gasoline, coal, garbage, and tobacco are burned. They also form in food that has been grilled, barbecued, smoked, or fried.

PAHs in air can irritate eyes and breathing passages, and lead to asthma and other respiratory problems. They may be especially harmful for children because their lungs and other organs are still developing. Some PAHs may cause cancer. However, finding PAHs in children's urine is common and does not mean their health will be affected. Scientists are still learning what levels may be unsafe.



For more information and resources, please visit our web page: <u>Healthy Kids Minnesota</u>: <u>Chemical Information and Resources</u>.

What are the main uses?

PAHs form as byproducts, the result of burning materials and cooking food certain ways. Most are not made or used on purpose. One PAH, naphthalene, is used in manufacturing and in moth repellents (such as mothballs).

What are common ways kids can be exposed?

- Breathing in:
 - Secondhand smoke from tobacco or marijuana
 - Exhaust from cars, trucks, and buses, as well as road dust
 - Smoke from burning incense and candles
 - Wood smoke, such as from fireplaces, wood stoves, campfires, and wildfires
 - Smoke from grilling or burning cooking oil or food
 - Naphthalene vapors from some moth repellents, if used in the home

- Eating food that has been grilled, barbecued, smoked, fried, or roasted.
- People are usually exposed to a mixture of PAHs, rather than a single type of PAH.

How you can lower exposure to PAHs



Air from indoor sources

- Don't idle your vehicle in an attached garage.
- · Limit the use of incense and candles around your child. If you use them inside, use good ventilation with fans or open windows.
- Use the kitchen vent fan and/or open windows while cooking.
- Make sure your wood stove and fireplace vent properly.
- If your home has a forced air furnace, replace the filter regularly.
- · If you smoke, smoke outside the home or car, and away from your child. For free help to quit smoking, call 1-800-QUIT-NOW or visit www.quitpartnermn.com.
- Avoid areas where your child might breathe secondhand smoke. Ask people not to smoke around your child.
- Instead of using moth repellents, take steps to prevent moths. Use airtight storage containers and bags for clothing and bedding. Do not store these items in damp areas of the home.



△ Air from outside sources

- Minimize your child's time around:
 - Heavy traffic areas or idling vehicles
 - Asphalt road construction and tar roofing sites
 - Motorized, gas-powered equipment such as mowers, weed trimmers, snow blowers
- When driving in heavy traffic, roll up windows and set fan to re-circulate air inside the car.
- Follow air quality alert recommendations at <u>www.airnow.gov</u>. You can download a cellphone app. During an air quality alert, limit your child's outside time and close windows. This is especially important if your child has asthma.
- If you have an air pollution or environmental complaint, you can submit a complaint form to Minnesota Pollution Control Agency: www.pca.state.mn.us/air/have-complaint.



Serve less grilled, charred, smoked, and fried food. Slow cooking, boiling, or steaming are good alternatives. If you burn food, discard the blackened part before eating.

PAHs measured in your child's urine

PAHs change into related chemicals once inside the body. We call these "breakdown products." Healthy Kids Minnesota measured breakdown products of PAHs in your child's urine. PAH breakdown products have long chemical names so we use common abbreviations in this sheet and your child's results table.

PAH BREAKDOWN PRODUCTS MEASURED	ORIGINAL PAH
1-PYR	pyrene
1-NAP	naphthalene
2-NAP	naphthalene
2-FLUO	fluorene
3-FLUO	fluorene
3-PHEN	phenanthrene



For more information on the full chemical names, please visit our web page: <u>Healthy Kids Minnesota:</u> <u>Explanation of Results.</u>